PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or age	nt's file reference	FOR FURTHER ACT	ION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416	
325.0253PCT		FOR FURTHER ACTION		See Form PC1/IPEA/410	
International application No.		International filing date (d	ay/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)	
PCT/US04/26926		18 August 2004 (18.08.20		20 January 2004 (20.01.2004)	
International Pater	nt Classification (IPC)	or national classification and	IPC		
IPC(7): B01D 53/	14 and US Cl.: 95/187,	223, 235; 96/234; 423/220			
Applicant					
FLUOR TECHNO	LOGIES CORPORAT	NON			
Exam	 This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 				
2. This I	2. This REPORT consists of a total of <u>3</u> sheets, including this cover sheet.			t.	
I	3. This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising:				
a. 7	a. $\sqrt{}$ (sent to the applicant and to the International Bureau) a total of $\frac{3}{2}$ sheets, as follows:				
	sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16				
and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions). sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.					
b.					
J. L.	, containing a sequence listing and/or tables related thereto, in electronic form only, as				
	indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).				
4 This					
4. 1 ms i	4. This report contains indications relating to the following items:				
	Box No. I Basis of the report Box No. II Priority				
			lishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial ty uity of invention statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement		
Box No. III Non-establishment of o applicability		-			
	Box No. IV Lack of unity				
industrial applicability; Box No. VI Certain documents cited					
		Certain documents cited			
		Certain defects in the international application			
	Box No. VIII C	Certain observations on the	international applica	ation	
Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion of this report			
03 November 2005 (03.11.2005)		19 January 2006 (19.	01.2006)		
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/ US		Authorized officer	A 11/10/		
Mail Stop PCT, Attn: IPEA/US Commissioner for Patents			Front M. Tarras	ling Wal	
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Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet)(April 2005)					

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

international	application	No.

PCT/US04/26926

Box	x No.	. I Basis of the report		
1.	With	regard to the language, this report is based on:		
	\boxtimes	the international application in the language in which it was filed.		
		a translation of the international application into English, which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:		
		international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b))		
		publication of the international application (under Rule 12.4(a))		
		international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2(a) and/or 55.3(a))		
	to the	regard to the elements of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which have been furnished e receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not xed to this report):		
		the international application as originally filed/furnished		
	\boxtimes	the description:		
		pages 1-17 as originally filed/furnished		
		pages* NONE received by this Authority on pages* NONE received by this Authority on		
		the claims: pages NONE as originally filed/furnished		
		pages* 18-20 as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19		
		pages* NONE received by this Authority on		
		pages* NONE received by this Authority on		
	\boxtimes	the drawings:		
	<u> </u>	pages 1/7-7/7 as originally filed/furnished		
		pages* NONE received by this Authority on		
		pages* NONE received by this Authority on		
		a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing.		
3.	\boxtimes	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:		
		the description, pages		
		the claims, Nos. 14		
		the drawings, sheets/figs		
		the sequence listing (specify):		
		any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):		
4.		This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).		
		the description, pages		
		the claims, Nos.		
		the drawings, sheets/figs		
		the sequence listing (specify):		
		any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):		
* 1	f iten	n 4 applies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "superseded."		

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (Box No. I) (April 2005)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/US04/26926

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement					
1. Statement					
Novelty (N)	Claims 1-13, 15-17	YES			
11010103 (21)	Claims NONE	270			
Inventive Step (IS)	Claims <u>1-13, 15-17</u>	3.50			
	Claims NONE	NO			
Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims 1-13, 15-17	YES			
11	Claims NONE	NO			
and wherein the regenerator is configured to promote regenerator, wherein a portion of the H2S-rich gas is and wherein the first and second absorbers are configured to prior art also does not teach or fairly suggest a p second H2S-enriched solvents comprises feeding at I feeding a second portion of the H2S-rich product gas Claims 1-13 and 15-17 meet the criteria set out in PC claimed can be made or used in industry.	fed to the second absorber to increase a H2S cogured to produce an overhead product that is enrocess for carrying out the separation, wherein the set part of the first solvent into the second absorbe to a Claus plant. CT Article 33(4), and thus have industrial applic	incentration in the H2S-rich gas, iched in CO2 and depleted in H2S. he step of combining the first and orber, or comprising a step of			

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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A plant comprising:
 - a first absorber fluidly coupled to a regenerator, wherein the first absorber is configured to promote absorption of hydrogen sulfide by a hydrogen sulfide-selective solvent, and wherein the regenerator is configured to promote formation of a hydrogen sulfide-rich gas from the hydrogen sulfide-selective solvent;
 - a second absorber fluidly coupled to the regenerator, wherein a portion of the hydrogen sulfide-rich gas is fed to the second absorber to thereby increase a hydrogen sulfide concentration in the hydrogen sulfide-rich gas; and wherein the first and second absorbers are configured to produce an overhead product that is enriched in carbon dioxide and substantially depleted in hydrogen sulfide.
- 2. The plant of claim 1 wherein the first and second absorbers produce a first and second hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvent, and wherein the first and second hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvents are combined.
- 3. The plant of claim 1 wherein the first and second absorbers produce a first and second hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvent, wherein the first and second hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvents are combined, and wherein the second absorber receives at least a portion of the combined hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvents.
- 4. The plant of claim 1 wherein the first absorber produces a first hydrogen sulfideenriched solvent, and wherein the second absorber receives at least a portion of the first hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvent.
- 5. The plant of claim 1 wherein another portion of the hydrogen sulfide-rich gas is fed to a Claus plant.
- 6. The plant of claim 5 further comprising a third absorber that receives a tail gas from the Claus plant, wherein the third absorber is configured to promote absorption of hydrogen sulfide by a hydrogen sulfide-selective solvent, and wherein the third

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absorber is configured to produce an overhead product that is enriched in carbon dioxide and substantially depleted in hydrogen sulfide.

- 7. The plant of claim 6 wherein the third absorber is configured to produce a third hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvent.
- 8. The plant of claim 7 wherein the third hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvent is fed to at least one of first and second absorbers.
- 9. A plant comprising:
 - a first absorber fluidly coupled to a regenerator, wherein the first absorber is configured to promote absorption of hydrogen sulfide by a hydrogen sulfide-selective solvent, and wherein the regenerator is configured to promote formation of a hydrogen sulfide-rich gas from the hydrogen sulfide-selective solvent;
 - a second absorber fluidly coupled to the regenerator, wherein a portion of the hydrogen sulfide-rich gas is fed to the first absorber to thereby increase a hydrogen sulfide concentration in the hydrogen sulfide-rich gas;
 - a Claus plant that receives another portion of the hydrogen sulfide-rich gas and produces a tail gas, wherein the second absorber is configured to receive the tail gas; and
 - wherein the first and second absorbers are configured to produce an overhead product that is enriched in carbon dioxide and substantially depleted in hydrogen sulfide.
 - 10. The plant of claim 9 wherein the second absorber is configured to produce a hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvent, and wherein at least a portion of the hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvent is fed to the first absorber.
 - 11. A method of increasing the concentration of hydrogen sulfide in a gas stream comprising:
 - separating an acid gas stream in a first absorber to form a first carbon dioxide-rich gas and a first hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvent using a hydrogen sulfide-selective solvent;

AMENDED SHEET

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separating a first portion of a hydrogen sulfide-rich product gas in a second absorber to form a second carbon dioxide-rich gas and a second hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvent;

combining the first and second hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvents;
removing hydrogen sulfide from the first and second hydrogen sulfide-enriched
solvents to thereby form the hydrogen sulfide-rich product gas; and
feeding a second portion of the hydrogen sulfide-rich product gas to a Claus plant.

- 12. The method of claim 11 wherein the step of combining the first and second hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvents comprises mixing of the first and second hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvents.
- 13. The method of claim 11 wherein the step of combining the first and second hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvents comprises feeding at least part of the first hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvent into the second absorber.
- 14. Canceled.
- 15. The method of claim 14 wherein the Claus plant produces a tail gas, and comprising a step of feeding the tail gas to a third absorber that produces a third overhead product that is enriched in carbon dioxide and substantially depleted in hydrogen sulfide, and a third hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvent.
- 16. The method of claim 15 wherein the third hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvent is fed to the first absorber.
- 17. The method of claim 15 wherein the third hydrogen sulfide-enriched solvent is fed to the second absorber.